Quizlet

24 Multiple choice questions

- 1. the rules that God gave to Moses on Mount Sinai
 - a. New Testament
 - b. **CORRECT:** Ten Commandments
 - c. sacrament
 - d. temperance
- 2. the limited use of (or complete abstinence from) alcohol
 - a. seminaries
 - b. testimony
 - c. CORRECT: temperance
 - d. manna
- 3. any act that falls short of God's standards of perfection
 - a. **CORRECT:** sin
 - b. sects
 - c. manna
 - d. salvation
- 4. inhabitants of Samaria who were despised by the Jews
 - a. seminaries
 - b. salvation
 - c. pharisees
 - d. **CORRECT:** Samaritans
- 5. the food produced for the Israelites whilst they were in the desert, following their exodus from Egypt
 - a. CORRECT: manna
 - b. sin
 - c. secular
 - d. sects

sacred religious texts; in Christian tradition, this refers to the Bible a. sects b. seminaries c. CORRECT: scriptures d. stewards not having any connection to religious or spiritual matters a. manna b. sects c. seminaries d. CORRECT: secular a formal religious ceremony conferring a specific grace on those who receive it a. Samaritans b. testimony c. CORRECT: sacrament d. salvation a member of an ancient Jewish sect, distinguished by strict observance of the traditional and written law, and commonly held to have feelings of superiority a. Samaritans b. sacrament c. seminaries d. **CORRECT:** pharisees 10. a section of the Bible with 39 books documenting the life of Jesus and the development of the early church a. Ten Commandments b. testimony c. **CORRECT:** New Testament d. sacrament

11.	theological schools for training ministers, priests or rabbis
	a. revivalism
	b. secular
	c. CORRECT: seminaries
	d. stewards
12.	the systematic study of religion and its influences and the nature of religious truth
	a. CORRECT: theology
	b. testimony
	c. secular
	d. stewards
13.	a general council of the Catholic church inaugurated by Pope John XXII in 1962 to deal with church affairs a. CORRECT: Vatican II
	b. revivalism
	c. seminaries
	d. sacrament
14.	a largely North American movement within the Christian tradition which is aimed at restoring religious devotion a. CORRECT: revivalism
	b. salvation
	c. seminaries
	d. modernism
15.	small religious groups that have branched off from a larger established religion and are often charcterised by unusual or unorthodox beliefs or practices
	a. manna
	b. sin
	c. secular
	d. CORRECT: sects

16.	people entrusted with something in order that they look after it on behalf of someone else	
	a. sects	
	b. seminaries	
	c. CORRECT: stewards	
	d. secular	
17.	Jewish places of worship	
	a. pharisees	
	b. CORRECT: synagogues	
	c. Samaritans	
	d. seminaries	
18.	the twelve family groups of ancient Israel, each traditionally descended from one of the twelve sons of Jacob	
	a. Vatican II	
	b. seminaries	
	c. predestination	
	d. CORRECT: twelve tribes of Israel	
19.	any journey undertaken by those who seek to spread the word of the gospel	
	a. seminaries	
	b. CORRECT: missionary journeys	
	c. scriptures	
	d. synagogues	
20.	the belief that God has ordained all events and circumstances before they have occurred	
	a. CORRECT: predestination	
	b. resurrection	
	c. salvation	
	d. revivalism	
21.	views which questioned traditional beliefs such as the virgin birth of Jesus, his resurrection, miracles etc.	
	a. CORRECT: modernism	
	b. sects	
	c. manna	
	d. revivalism	

- 22. the raising from the dead of Jesus Christ three days after he died; belief in the resurrection is essential to the Christian faith
 - a. salvation
 - b. **CORRECT:** resurrection
 - c. testimony
 - d. sects
- 23. the act of delivering from sin or saving from evil
 - a. Samaritans
 - b. sin
 - c. CORRECT: salvation
 - d. sacrament
- 24. when a believer gives his or her own personal account of coming to Christ and what God has done in their life
 - a. salvation
 - b. sin
 - c. CORRECT: testimony
 - d. theology