an aim to have the lowest costs or to be the most price-competitive in the market

customised goods

goods that are varied according to the needs of customers

economies of scale

cost advantages that can be created through an increase in scale of business operations

interdependence

where each business function area depends on the support of the others if it is to perform at capacity

lean production

an aim to eliminate waste at every stage of production

operations	the business processes that involve transformation or production
product differentiation	the distinguishing of products (goods or services) in some way from its competitors
self-service	where customers are encouraged to help themselves
standardised goods	goods that are mass produced, usually on an assembly line
strategic	affecting all key business areas

transformation	the conversion of inputs (resources) into outputs (goods and services)
value adding	the creation of extra or added value as inputs are transformed into outputs