

28 Multiple choice questions

1. determining chronological sequence by the relationship of objects to each other either in excavation or by typography or sequence comparisons; the dates thus obtained are approximate, not absolute
 - a. radiocarbon dating
 - b. relative dating
 - c. stalemate
 - d. relief

2. to conquer
 - a. temperate
 - b. stalemate
 - c. sated
 - d. subjugate

3. a draw or deadlock
 - a. stalemate
 - b. temperate
 - c. subjugate
 - d. Ptolemaic

4. one who cures animal hides
 - a. tanner
 - b. sated
 - c. lignin
 - d. strainers

5. a mythical animal, usually with the head and wings of an eagle and the body of a lion
 - a. griffin
 - b. urns
 - c. lignin
 - d. Iliad

6. satisfied
 - a. scoured
 - b. sated
 - c. Iliad
 - d. tanner

7. a form of an element whose atomic number and atomic weights are different because of additional neutrons present in the element's atomic nucleus
 - a. Miocene
 - b. sinkhole
 - c. sated
 - d. isotope

8. a hole formed in soluble rock
 - a. isotope
 - b. Miocene
 - c. tanner
 - d. sinkhole

9. of moderate and mild temperature
 - a. stalemate
 - b. tanner
 - c. subjugate
 - d. temperate

10. the principle that the age of strata can be determined by their position relative to each other (lower strata being older)
 - a. stratigraphy
 - b. stalemate
 - c. stratigraphical sequence
 - d. master sequence

11. an organic substance that with cellulose forms the chief part of woody tissue
 - a. lignin
 - b. urns
 - c. griffin
 - d. Iliad

12. the method of identifying the ages and limits of various layers in the soil on the basis that the latest in date are usually at the top and the oldest at the bottom
 - a. strainers
 - b. stalemate
 - c. stratigraphy
 - d. sated

13. vases for holding ashes of the dead after cremation
 - a. urns
 - b. Iliad
 - c. lignin
 - d. scoured

14. relating to the Earth
 - a. relief
 - b. frescoes
 - c. terrestrial
 - d. temperate

15. a long, continuous chronology for an area or region established by counting, matching and overlapping the growth rings in a number of trees of the same species, but different ages
 - a. stalemate
 - b. temperate
 - c. terrestrial
 - d. master sequence

16. a carving on stone or plaster; it may either be sunk (with figures cut out of the surface) or raised (with the background cut out)
 - a. tanner
 - b. sated
 - c. relief
 - d. Iliad

17. to have searched for something
 - a. urns
 - b. Miocene
 - c. sated
 - d. scoured

18. a 5th-century BC temple of Athena, situated on the Athenian acropolis
 - a. tanner
 - b. sated
 - c. Parthenon
 - d. lignin

19. great destruction of life
 - a. frescoes
 - b. holocaust
 - c. Ptolemaic
 - d. Miocene

20. a place where things are stored
 - a. isotope
 - b. relief
 - c. frescoes
 - d. repository

21. filters for liquids
 - a. urns
 - b. sated
 - c. tanner
 - d. strainers

22. the last period of dynastic rule in Egypt between 323 to 331 BC, establish by Ptolemy, one of the Generals of Alexander the Great, who occupied Egypt; Cleopatra was the last Ptolemaic ruler
 - a. lignin
 - b. stalemate
 - c. Iliad
 - d. Ptolemaic

23. pictures painted on either wet or dry fresh lime plaster (especially on a wall) so that the pigments are absorbed into the plaster
 - a. frescoes
 - b. relief
 - c. sated
 - d. urns

24. the earliest or oldest period of the Stone Age
 - a. lignin
 - b. relief
 - c. Ptolemaic
 - d. Palaeolithic

25. epic poem by Homer about the Trojan War
 - a. Iliad
 - b. sated
 - c. relief
 - d. lignin

26. an absolute-dating method that measures the decay of the radioactive isotope of carbon in organic material
 - a. Miocene
 - b. Palaeolithic
 - c. relative dating
 - d. radiocarbon dating

27. photography using highly sensitive film
 - a. stratigraphy
 - b. infra-red photography
 - c. repository
 - d. isotope

28. a period in Earth's history
 - a. lignin
 - b. griffin
 - c. Miocene
 - d. isotope